NASASBIR2015PhaseISolicitation

S3.04UnmannedAircraftandSoundingRocketTechnologies

LeadCenter:GSFC

ParticipatingCenter(s):AFRC,ARC,GRC,JPL,KSC,LaRC

BreakthroughtechnologiesaresoughtthatwillenhanceperformanceandutilityofNASA'sAirborneSciencefleet
withexpandeduseofunmannedaircraftsystems(UAS).Novelairborneplatformsincorporatingtailorsensor
sandinstrumentationsuitable forsupportingspecificNASAEarthscience researchgoalsareencouraged.
Additionally,innovativensubsystemelementsthatwillsupportexistingorfutureUASaredesired.Conceptsshould
includeaclear outlineofstepsplannedtocompleteallrelevantNASAandFAArequirements.Potentialconcepts
include:

- Novel Navigation Systems (terrain following for example).
- Autonomous Mission Planning.
- One month endurance small UAS for miniature (~2 lb) instrument packages scalable to larger platforms.
- Novel propulsion concepts that will expand the flight envelope.
- Small UAS in-situ cloud measurement capabilities.
- Autonomously Linking UAS.
- Novel flight management approaches such as dynamic soaring.
- Guided Dropsondes.
- Airspace monitoring system for small UAS operations.
- Modular air vehicle systems for optimization for specific missions.
- Systems for air/ash sample return from volcanic plumes.
- Miniaturized over-the-horizon communications systems with increased bandwidth.

SoundingRocketTechnologies

TheNASA Sounding Rockets Program provides low-cost, sub-orbital access to space in support of space and
Earth sciences research. NASA utilizes a variety of vehicle systems comprised of surplus and commercially
available rocket motors, capable of lofting scientific payloads of up to 1300lbs, to altitudes from 100km to 1500km.
NASA launches sounding rocket vehicles worldwide, from both land-based and water-based ranges, based on the
science needs to study phenomenon in specific locations. Of particular interest are systems that will enable water
recovery of payloads from high altitude flights from locations such as launch ranges at Wallops Island VA or
Andoya, Norway. Specific elements may include:

- High speed decelerators.
- Steerable high altitude parachute systems.
- Water recovery aids such as floatation devices, location systems, and robotic capabilities.
- Ruggedized over-the-horizon telemetry systems with increased bandwidth.