The technologies described below support the goal of developing higher performance ablative TPS materials for higher performance CEV as well as future Exploration missions.

- Developments are sought for ablative TPS materials and heat shield systems that exhibit maximum robustness, reliability and survivability while maintaining minimum mass requirements, and capable of enduring severe combined convective and radiative heating, including: development of acreage materials, adhesives, joints, penetrations, and seals. Two classes of materials will be required.

- One class of materials, for Mars aerocapture and entry, will need to survive heat fluxes of 200-400 W/cm$^2$ (primarily convective) and integrated heat loads of up to 25 kJ/cm$^2$. These materials or material systems must improve on the current state-of-the-art recession rates of 0.25 mm/s at heating rates of 200 W/cm$^2$ and pressures of 0.3 atm and improve on the state-of-the-art areal mass of 1.0 g/cm$^2$ required to maintain a bondline temperature below 250°C.

- The second class of materials, for Mars return, will need to survive heat fluxes of 1500-2500 W/cm$^2$, with radiation contributing up to 75% of that flux, and integrated heat loads from 75-150 kJ/cm$^2$. These materials or material systems must improve on the current state-of-the-art recession rates of 1.00 mm/s at heating rates of 2000 W/cm$^2$ and pressures of 0.3 atm and improve on the state-of-the-art areal mass of 4.0 g/cm$^2$ required to maintain a bondline temperature below 250°C.

- Non Destructive Evaluation (NDE) tools are sought to verify design requirements are met during manufacturing and assembly of the heat shield, e.g. verifying that anisotropic materials have been installed in their proper orientation, that the bondline as well as the TPS materials have the proper integrity and are free of voids or defects. Void and/or defect detection requirements will depend upon the materials being inspected. Typical internal void detection requirements are on the order of 6-mm, and bondline defect...
detection requirements are on the order of 25.4-mm by 25.4-mm times the thickness of the adhesive.

- Advances are sought in ablation modeling, including radiation, convection, gas surface interactions, pyrolysis, coking, and charring. There is a specific need for improved models for low and mid density as well as multi-layered charring ablators (with different chemical composition in each layer). Consideration of the non-equilibrium states of the pyrolysis gases and the surface thermochemistry, as well as the potential to couple the resulting models to a computational fluid dynamics solver, should be included in the modeling efforts.

Technology Readiness Levels (TRL) of 4 or higher are sought.

Research should be conducted to demonstrate technical feasibility during Phase 1 and show a path toward a Phase 2 hardware demonstration, and when possible, deliver a demonstration unit for functional and environmental testing at the completion of the Phase 2 contract.

This subtopic is also a subtopic for the “Low-Cost and Reliable Access to Space (LCRATS)” topic. Proposals to this subtopic may gain additional consideration to the extent that they effectively address the LCRATS topic (See topic O5 under the Space Operations Mission Directorate).